

South Bay Salt Pond Restoration Project

Restoring the Wild Heart of the South Bay



SALT POND A21 SOUTH BAY SALT POND RESTORATION PROJECT

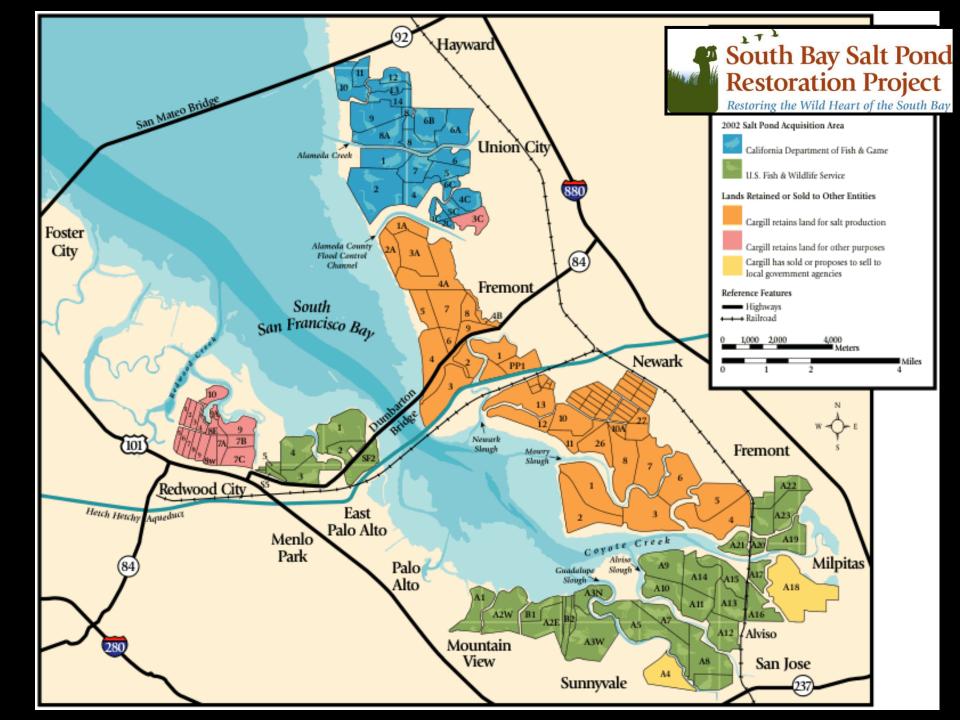
Kite aerial photographs of a small channel in the northeast corner following the 2006 breach to tidal flow. Field of view is ~ 120 feet. . C. Benton

Stakeholder Forum Meeting, August 15, 2017

Today's Topics

- Phase 1 Progress
- Phase 2: Design, Fill, Truck Routes
- Resilient by Design Challenge
- Measure AA
- Science Program
- South Bay Shoreline Study
- Looking Ahead to 2018

Tracking Our Progress: Phase 1





2003 Transfer: A Public/Private Partnership

- · 16,500 acres
 - 15,100 in South Bay
 - 1,400 along Napa River













Key uncertainties

- Wildlife use of changing habitats
- Habitat evolution and sediment dynamics
- Mercury methylation
- Water quality
- Invasive species
- Public access
- Infrastructure support
- Sea level rise and climate change



Ecological Trade-offs

Tidal Marsh species vs. Salt Pond species



Phased implementation of Project

Amount of tidal marsh restored

2008 2058

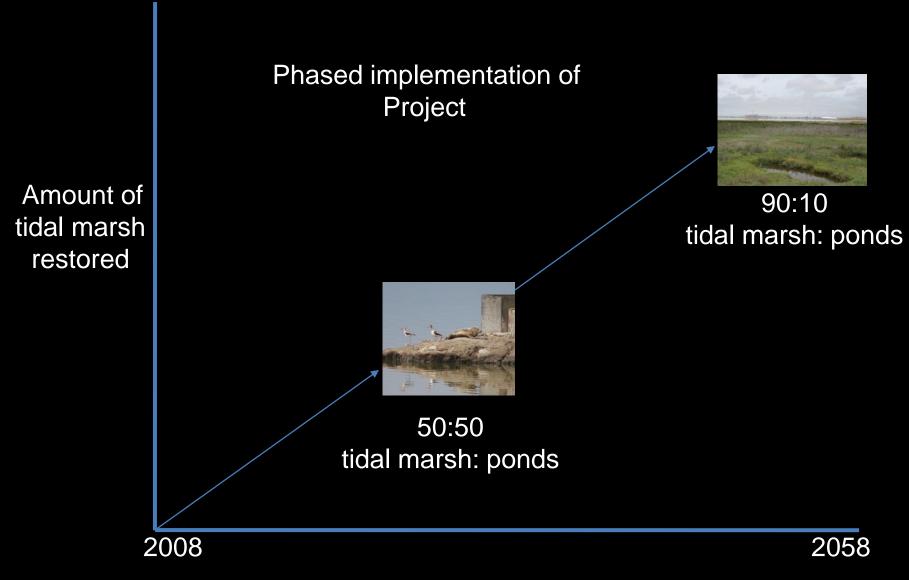
Phased implementation of Project

Amount of tidal marsh restored

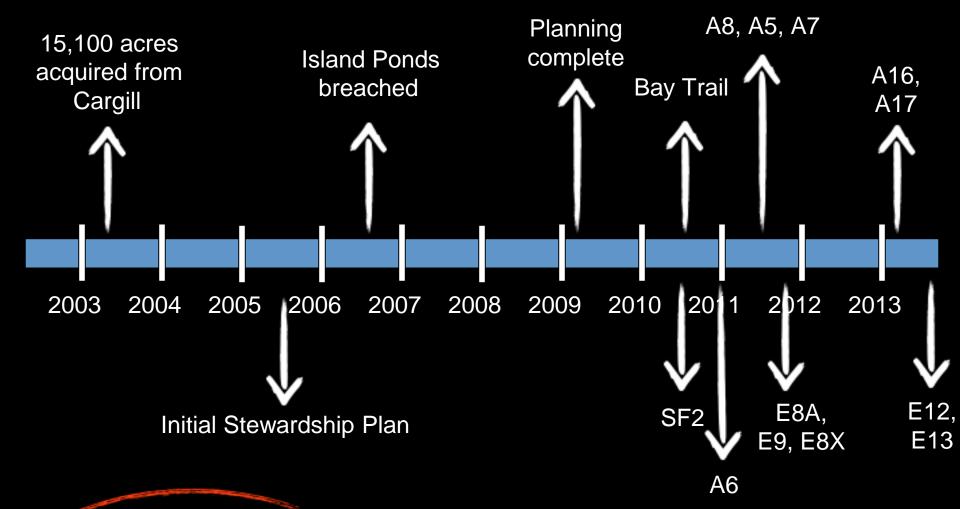


50:50 tidal marsh: ponds

2008 2058



Time



Restored to Date

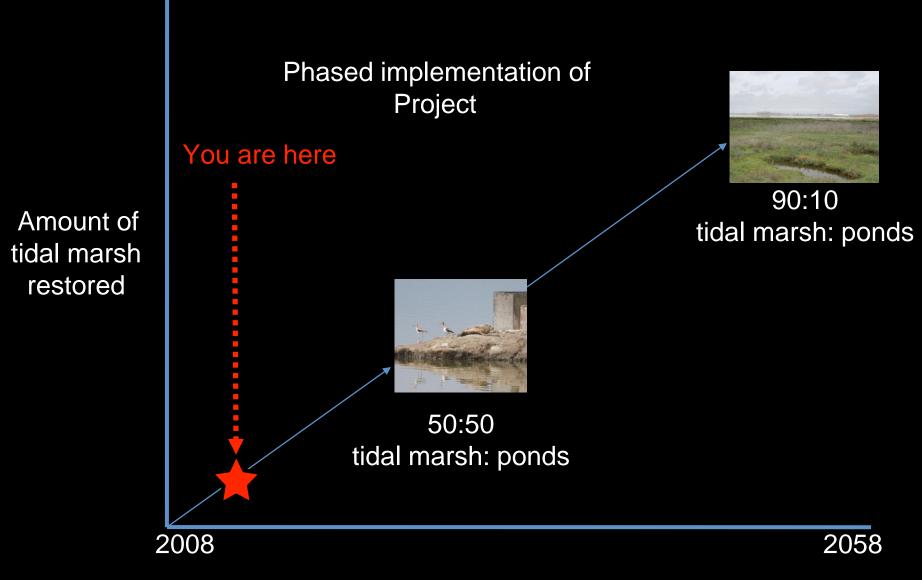
Tidal: 1,600 ac

Muted Tidal: 1,440 ac

Reconfigured Ponds: 710 ac

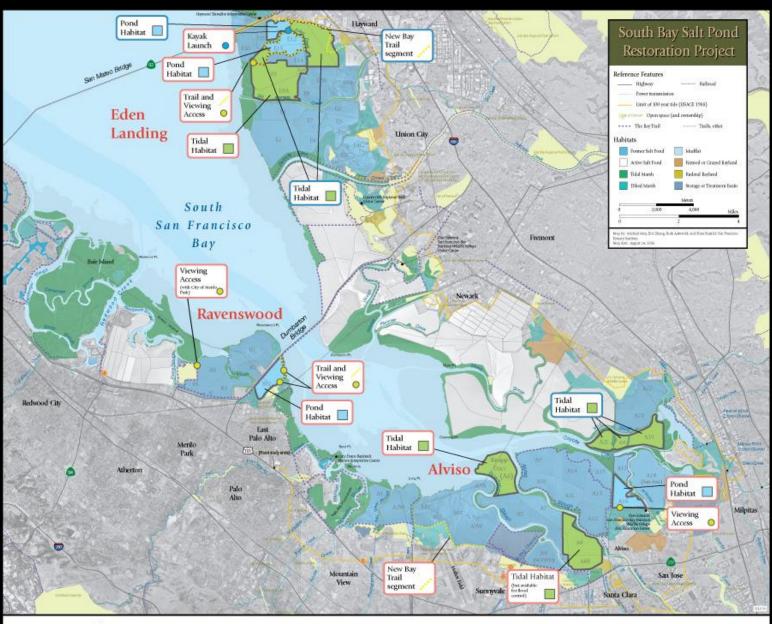
Total: 3,750 ac

New Trails: 7 miles



Time

Tracking our Progress: Phase One Actions



Initial Restoration Actions
South Bay Salt Pond Restoration Project

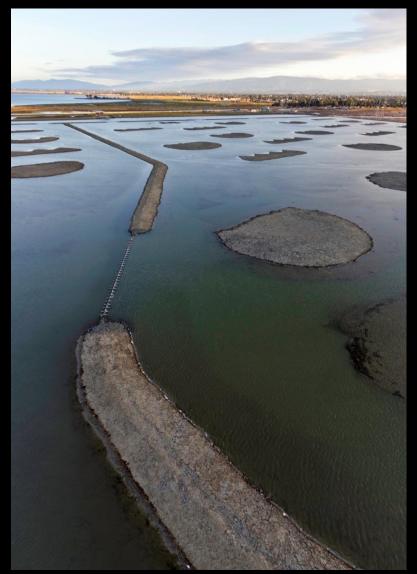
2006 - 08 SBSP Phase 1



1,600 acres tidal restoration 1,440 acres muted tidal

710 acres reconfigured ponds



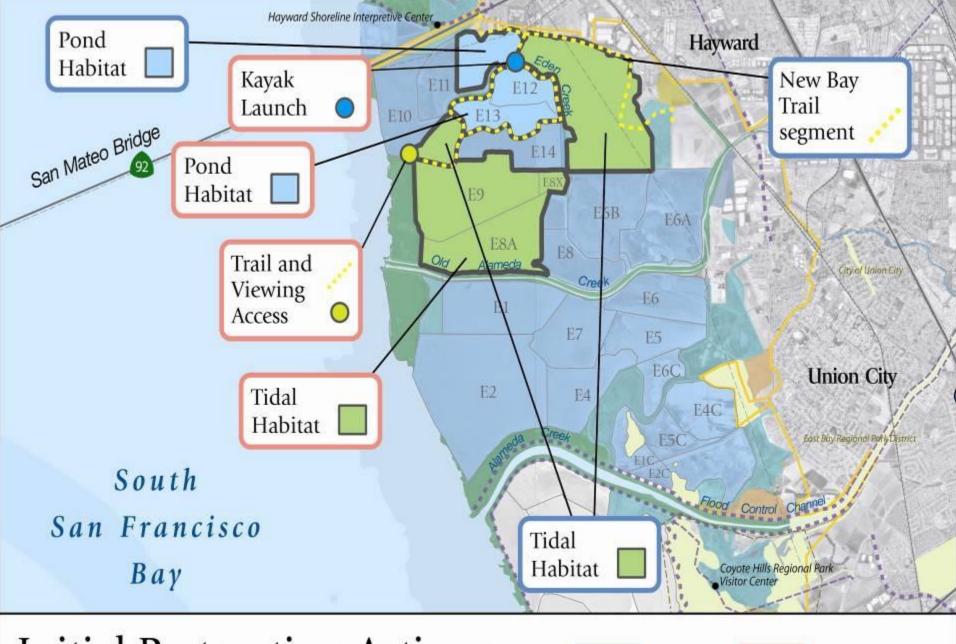


7 miles of new trails





Eden Landing



Initial Restoration Actions

South Bay Salt Pond Restoration Project—Eden Landing Area

2006 - 08

SBSP Phase 1

E12-E13 Enhanced Ponds



SNPL Enhancements









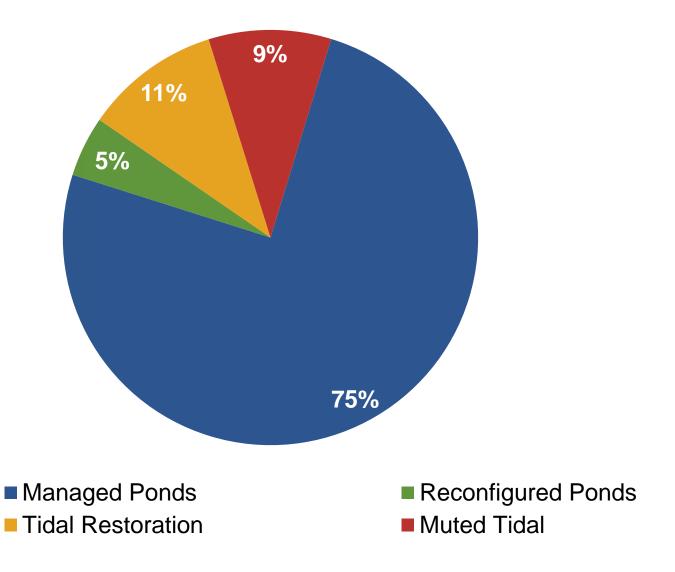
Public Access: Kayak Launch & Saltworks Boardwalk

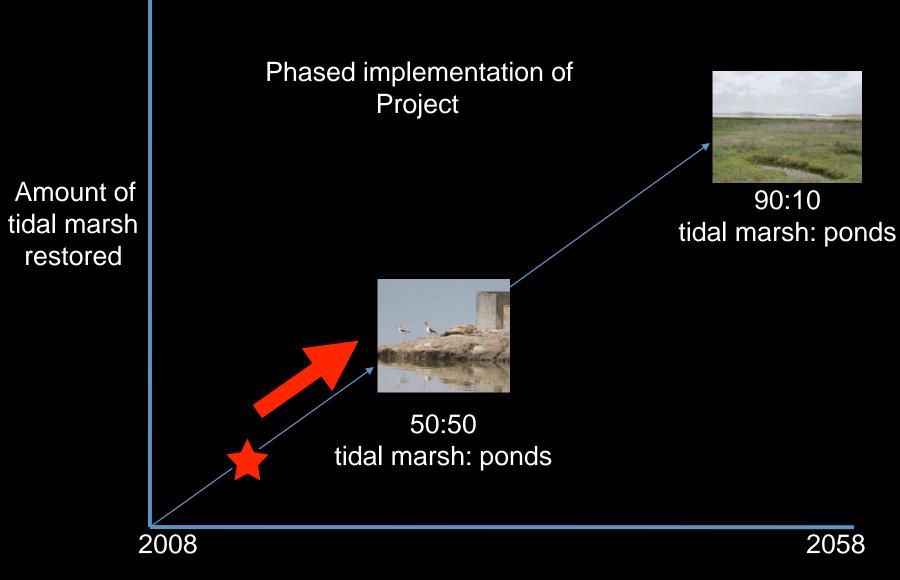


Questions?

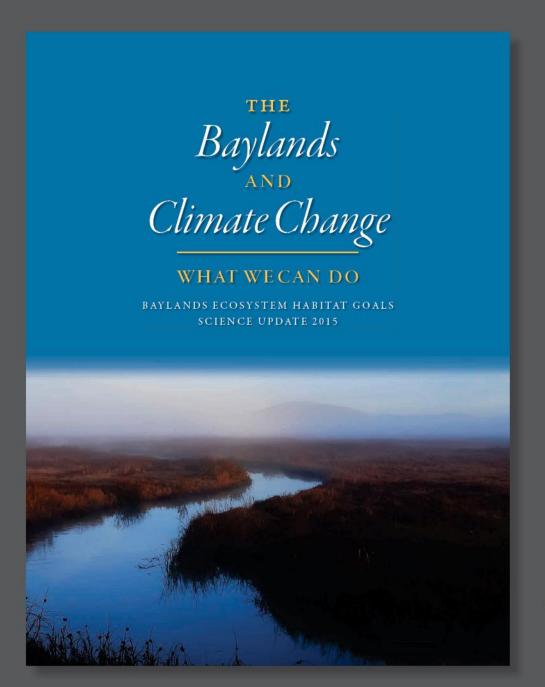
Phase 2: Overview

SBSPR Phase 1





Time



Coastal Conservancy





WHAT WE CAN DO

 Restore complete systems, including processes

• Restore soon, in areas marshes are likely to persist

Plan for the Baylands to migrate

Guiding Principles

No actions that will increase flood risk

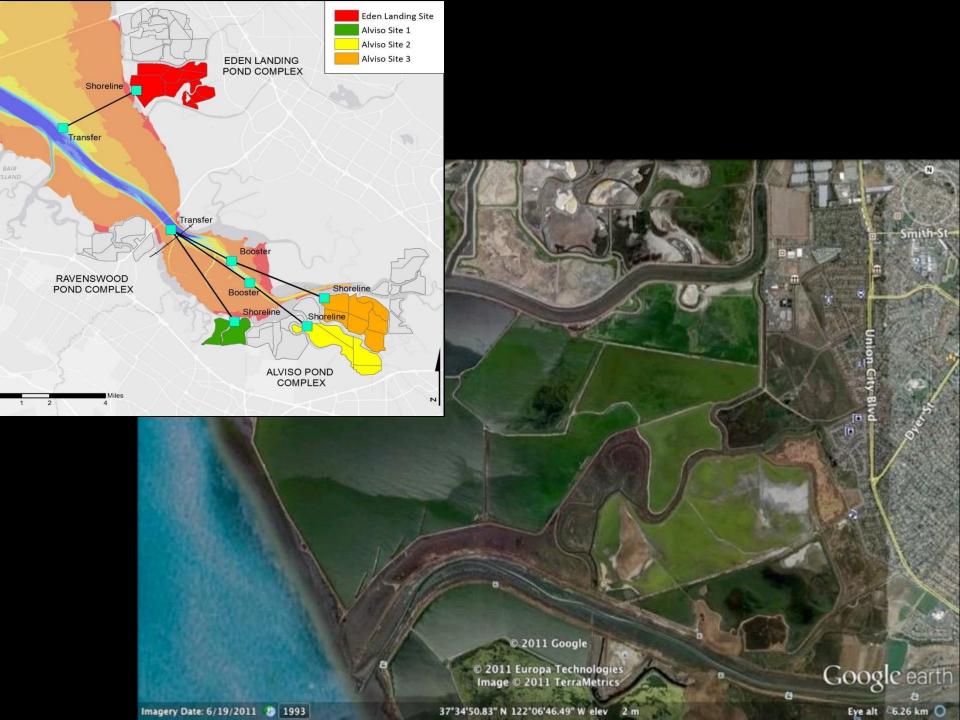
Progress toward 50-50 vision (from EIR)

Primary Evaluation Criteria

- Likelihood of progress toward Project objectives
- Opportunities for Adaptive Management studies
- Value in building Project support
- Readiness to proceed / not dependent on precedent actions (e.g., flood levee)
- Input from Stakeholders (over 2 years)

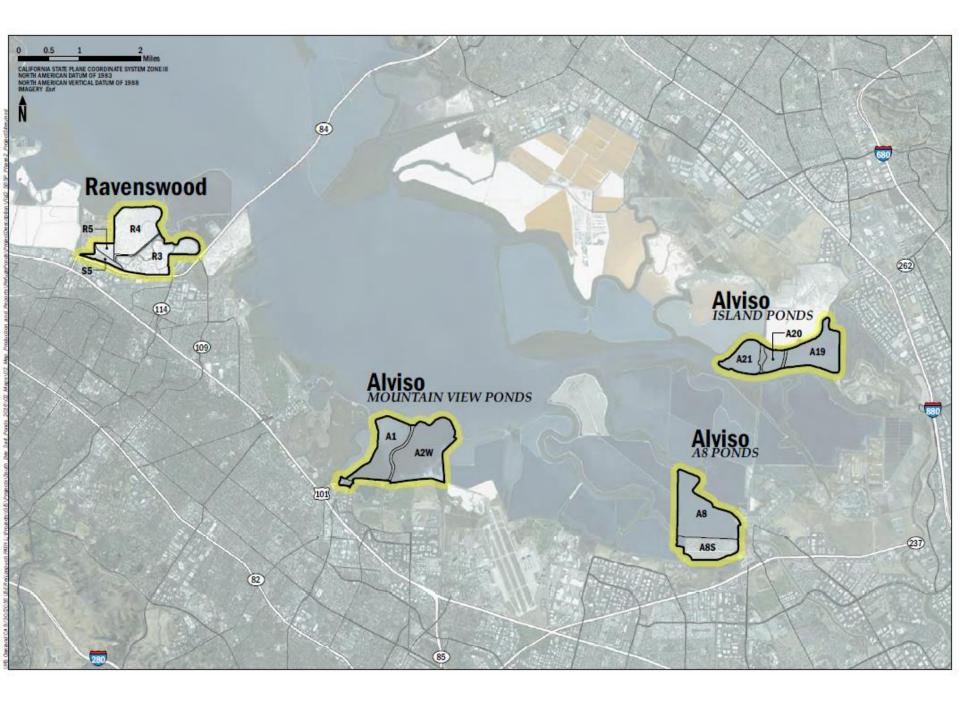
Phase 2 in Eden Landing





Questions?

Phase 2 in Alviso & Ravenswood



Island Ponds Preferred Alternative





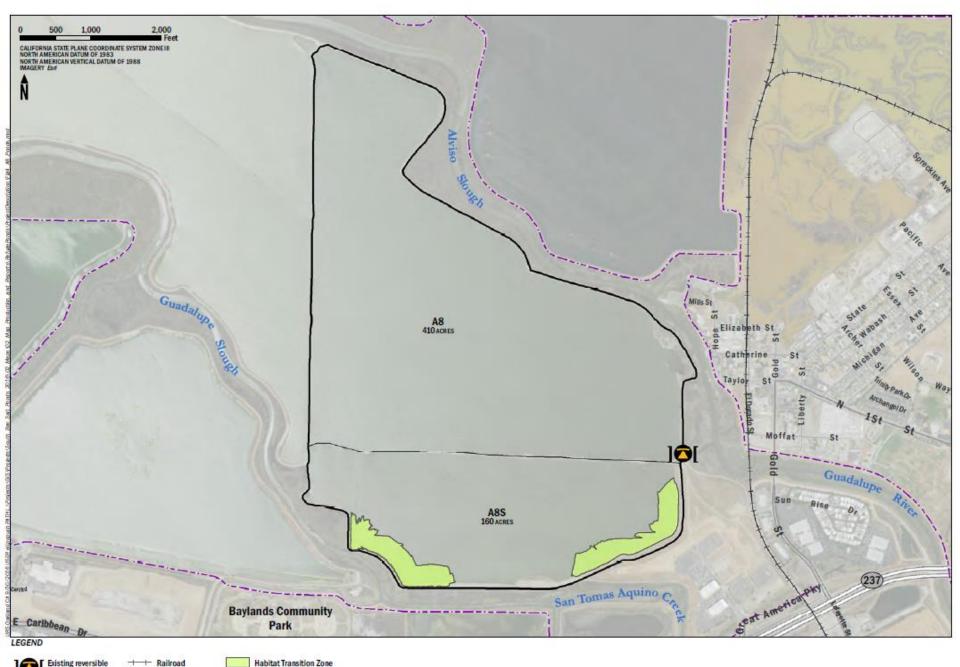








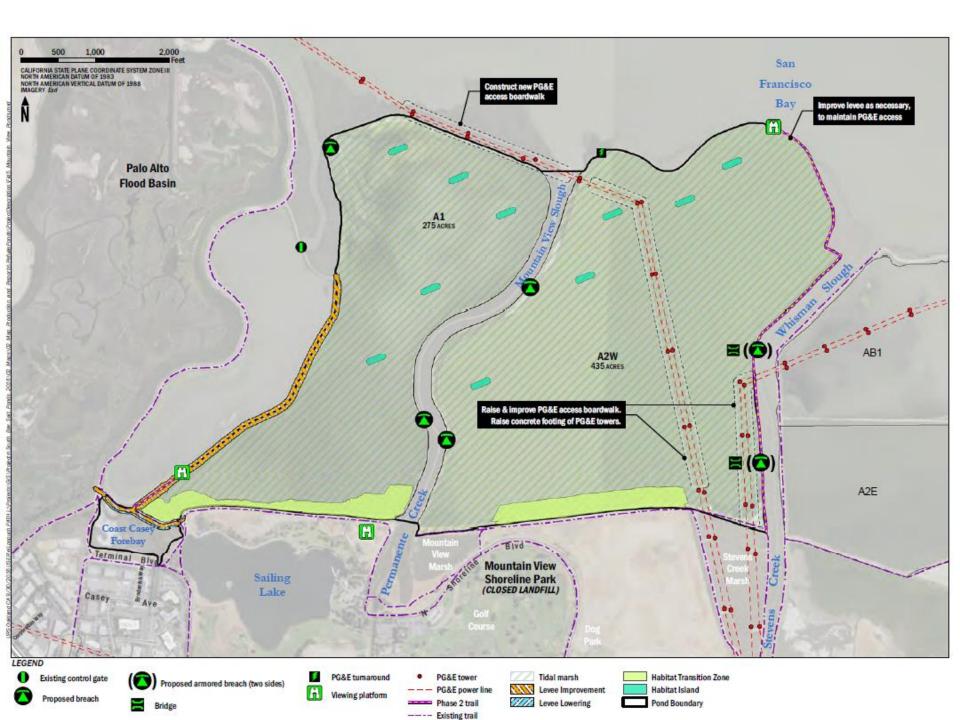
Alviso Pond A8 Preferred Alternative



Existing reversible Armored notch Railroad Existing trail
Pond boundary

Mountain View Preferred Alternative





Retain Existing Public Access



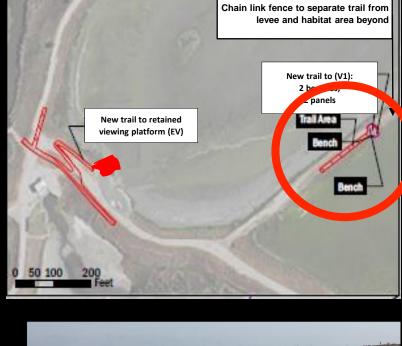
New ramp to be built to existing platform



New Public Access 1



Existing Views









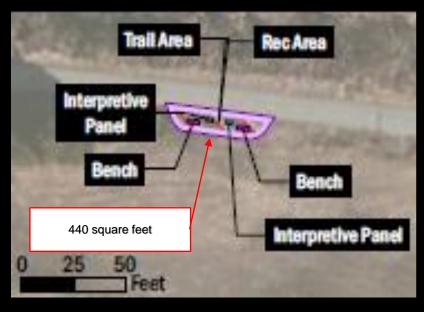
Visual Simulation of V1 & Trail

Between Refuge Pond A1 and MV-owned Charleston Slough



New Public Access 2



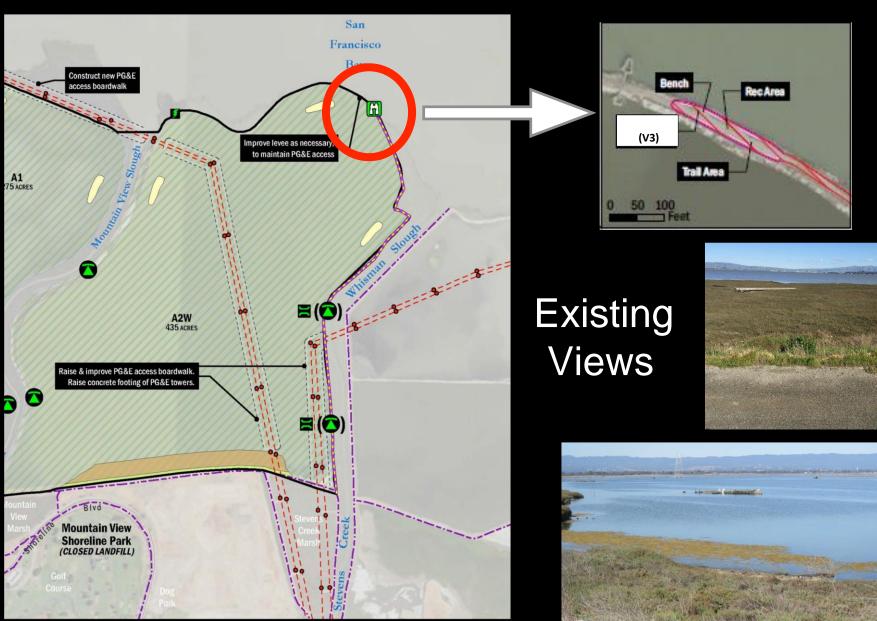




Existing Views



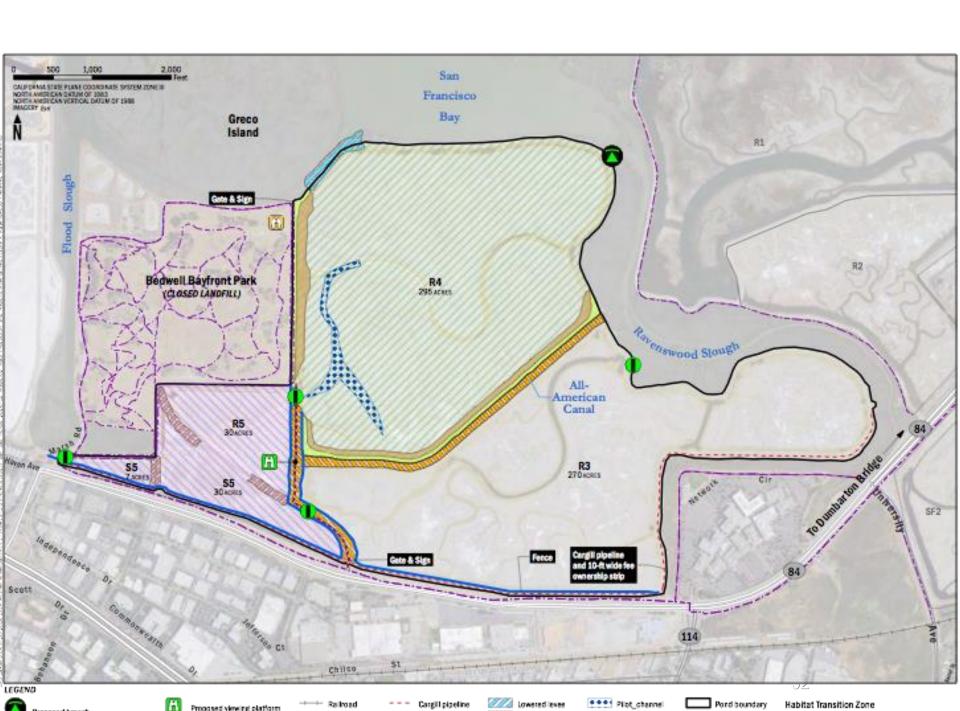
New Public Access 3



Mountain View Designs: Questions and Comments?

Ravenswood Preferred Alternative





Existing Conditions

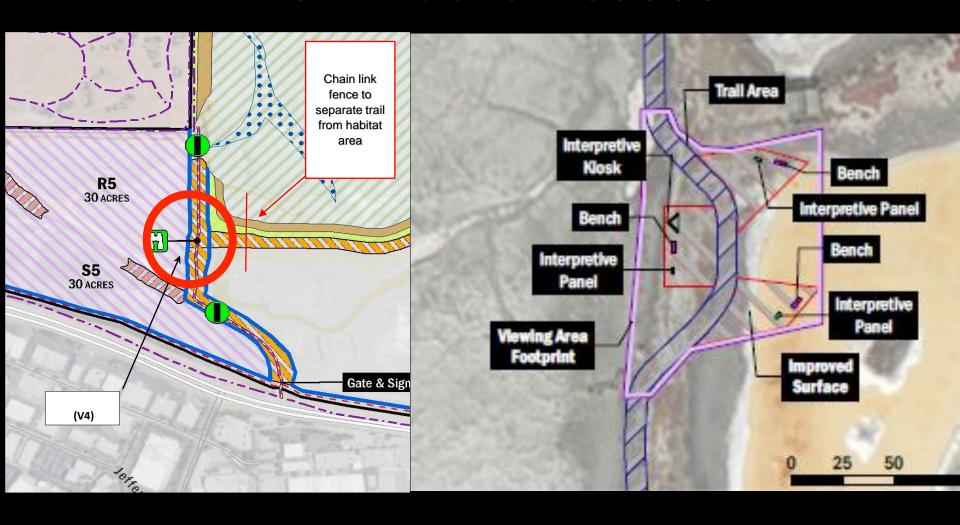








New Public Access



Three red outlined areas above sum to 9,960 square feet.

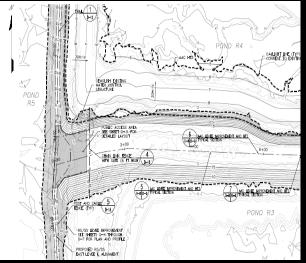
Each faces a different restoring habitat.

Will be elevated several feet above surrounding areas.

Views Into Three Habitats







Dry salt panne in Pond R3

Tidal marsh in Pond R4

Managed ponds in Ponds R5/S5



Photos of Similar Features

Examples of Signage and Information Panels from Bedwell Bayfront Park and Shoreline Park







Phase 1 Recreation and Public Access Features







Examples: Phase 1 Gates & Fencing









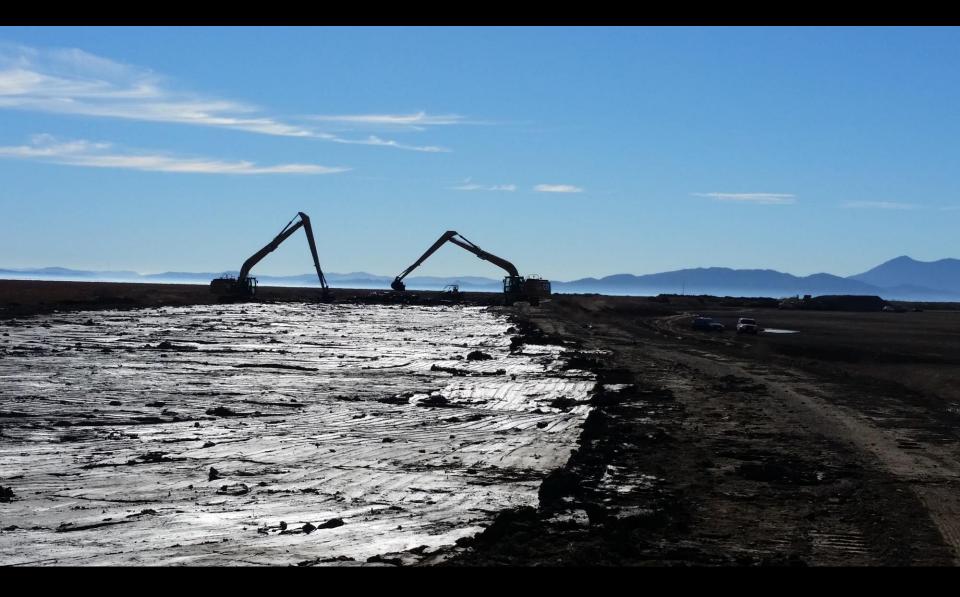
Ravenswood Designs: Questions and Comments?

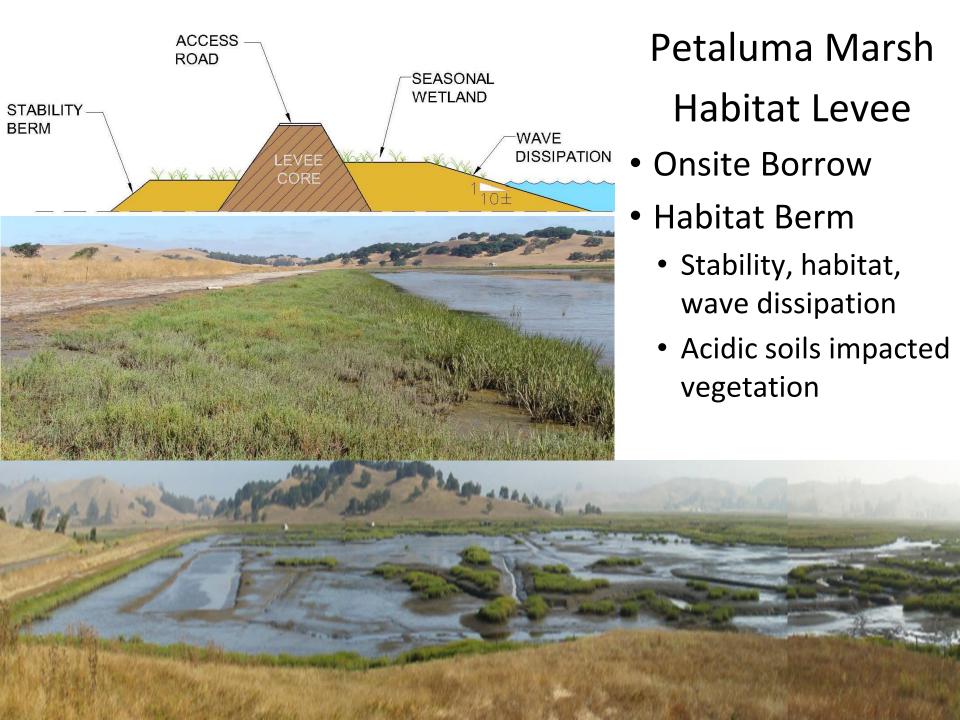
Project Approach to Upland Transition Habitat

Inner Bair



Sonoma Creek





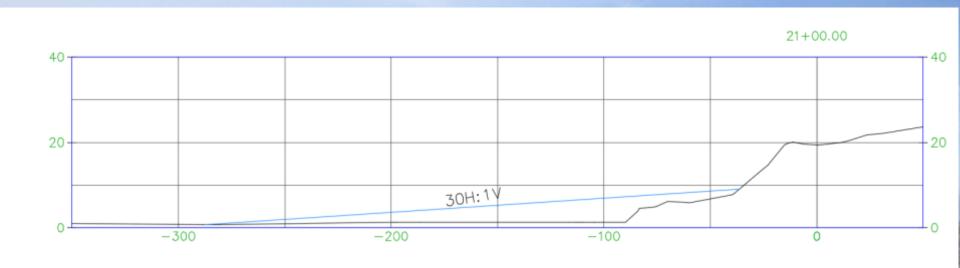
Hamilton Wildlife Corridor Limited Sea Level Rise **Temporary Berms for** Construction Shaping to create complex shoreline & ponds/pannes Toyon Heteromeles arbutifolia Coyote Brush Gum plant Pickleweed Grassland Distichlis spicata Grendelia sticka Sarcocornia pacifica Side cast from berm grading Natural marsh accretion Placed muds Transitional edge Placed sands, muds (transitional ecotone during early phase of restoration)

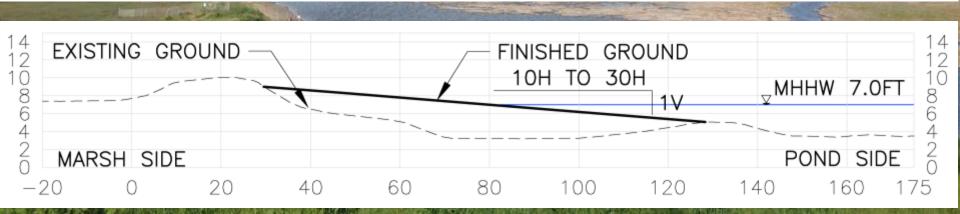
Our Standard Design Criteria

- 30H:1V slopes
 - Or steeper, based on material availability
- Top 9 feet elevation NAVD88
 - Above estimated MHHW
- Planar surface; not concave or convex
- BCDC: meet goal while minimizing fill in Waters
- RWQCB: maximize habitat benefits to be consistent with Basin Plan



Our Typical Designs







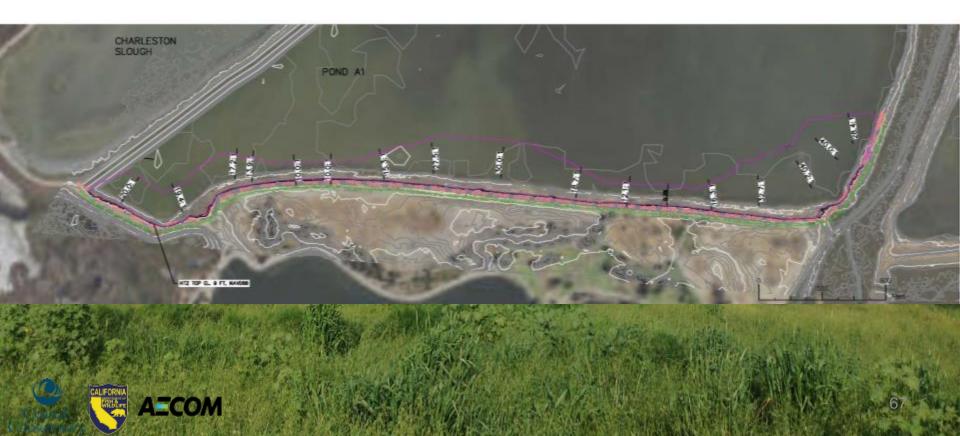
Slope Experiment

- Vary slope around 30:1 average to inform
 - Vegetation success
 - Wildlife use
 - Erosion / scour
- Implementing at Mountain View
 - One HTZ entirely at 30:1
 - Another will vary from 10:1 to 40:1 in sections
 - Agencies supportive of experiment



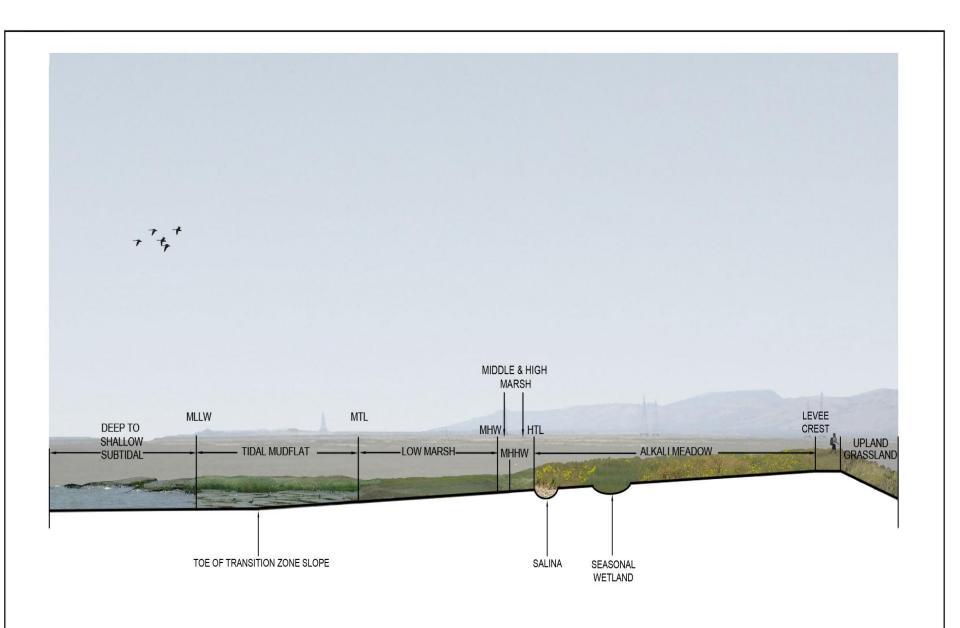
Slope Experiment

SKETCH OF MOUNTAIN VIEW POND A1 HTZ WITH VARYING SLOPES (10H:1V, 12H:1V, 20H:1V, 30H:1V, 40H:1V, AND TRANSITIONS)



Slope Experiment





Questions and Comments?

Dirt and Truck Traffic Plans

Alviso Dirt Trucking





IMPORTANT NOTICE



Temporary Trail Closure: August - November 2017

This segment of the Alviso Slough Trail will be intermittently <u>CLOSED</u> for levee improvements Monday – Friday from 7:30 am until 5:00 pm.

If no safety (orange) fencing is present, trail is open.

If you have questions, please contact: Jared Underwood, Refuge Manager Don Edwards San Francisco Bay National Wildlife Refuge 510-792-0222 (ext. 125)



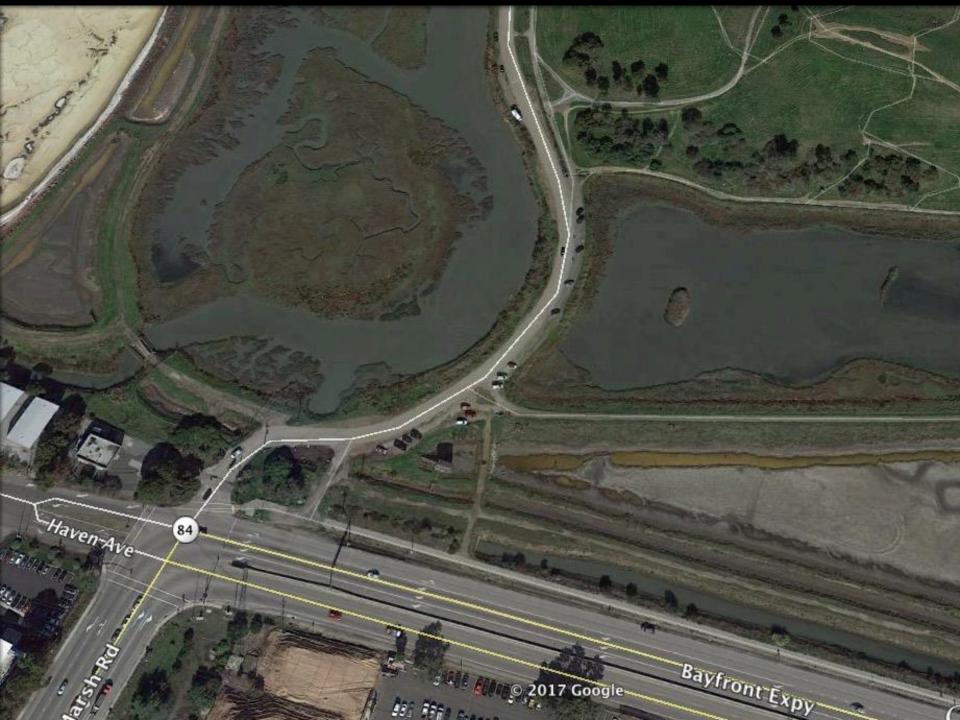
Alviso Dirt Trucking – Haul Route



Alviso Dirt Trucking – Haul Route



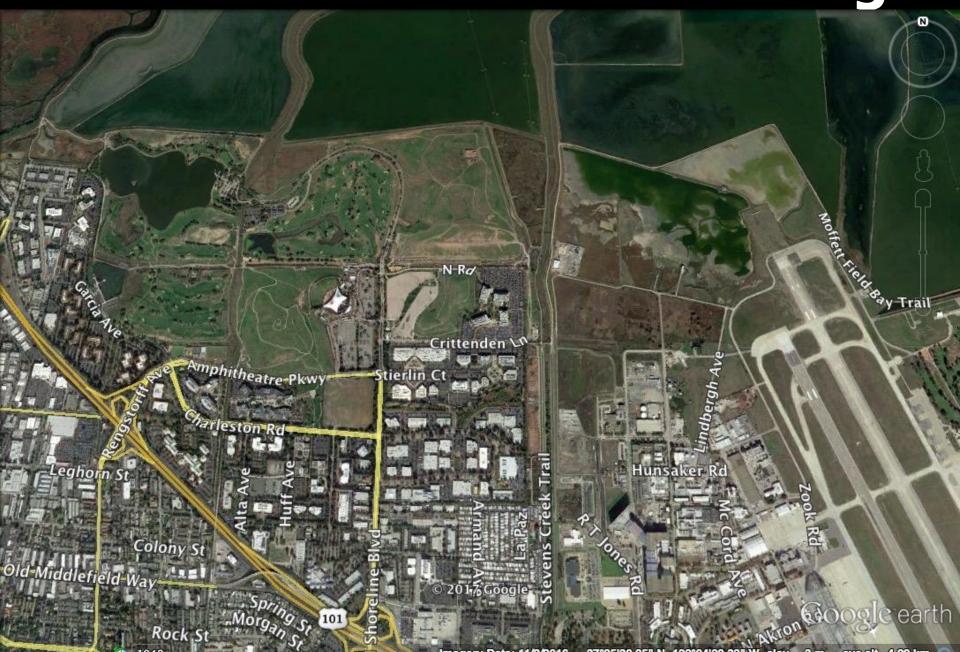




Mountain View Dirt Hauling



Mountain View Dirt Hauling



Questions and Comments?

Break



Resilient by Design Bay Area Challenge Update

South Bay Salt Pond Restoration Stakeholder Forum & Working Groups Meeting
August 15, 2017

#ResilientbyDesign



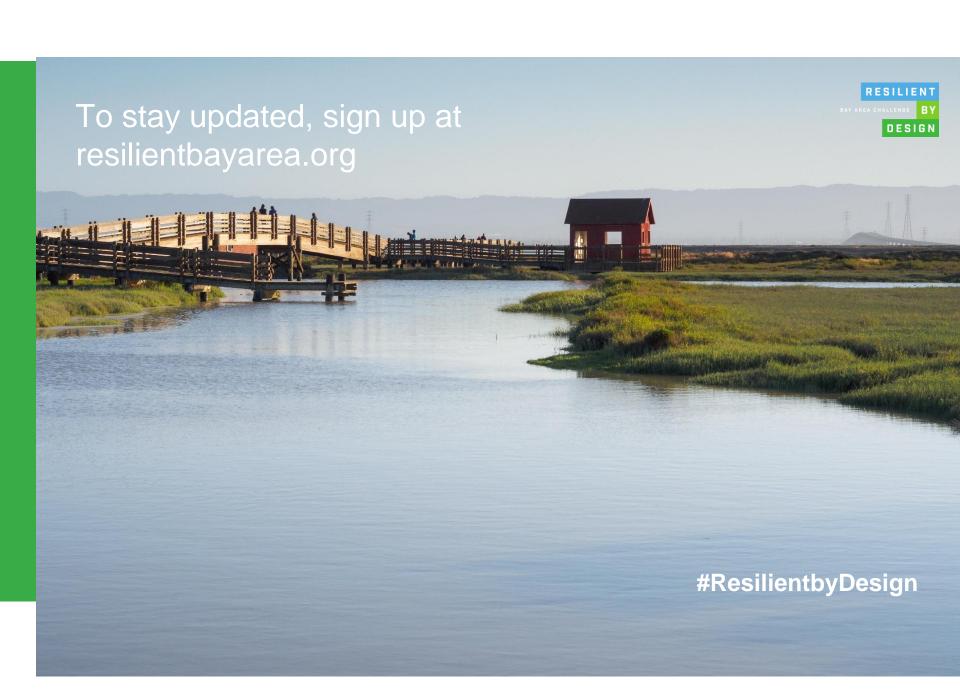


Bay Area Challenge

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Challenge Launch	Research Phase	Design Phase
May 31	September 1	December 1
RFQ released	Collaborative Research	Collaborative Design Phase

#ResilientbyDesign

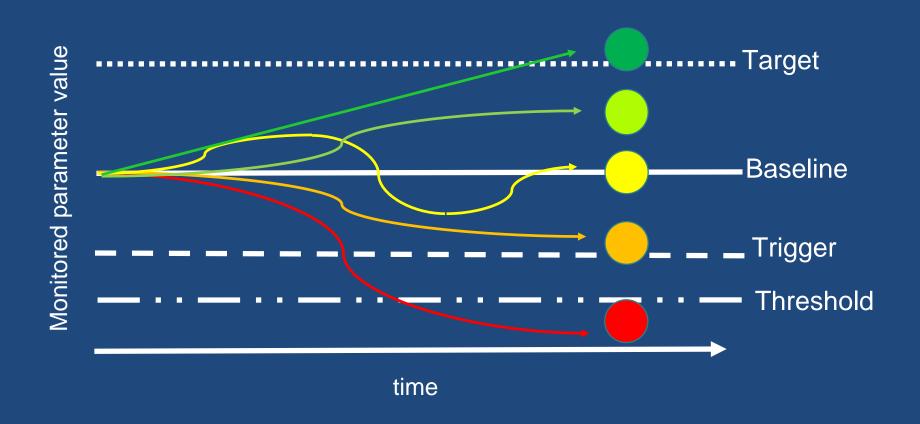


Measure AA Update: Matt Gerhart, State Coastal Conservancy

Science Update

Lynne Trulio
Interim Lead Scientist

Expanded stoplight and triggers/targets



Sediment and Marshes

Scientific Question	Score
Is current vegetated marsh maintained or increased? Is marsh vegetation establishment trending toward reference marsh quality?	0
Will sediment accretion rate in restored tidal areas be adequate to create and support emergent tidal habitat ecosystems within the projected 50-year timeframe?	
Will sediment movement into restored tidal areas significantly decrease mudflat habitat?	0



- Sediment supply fluctuates, but marshes have built quickly in newly-opened ponds

Rails, Mice, Fish & Seals

Scientific Questions	Score
Do tidal marsh habitat for Ridgway's rails and numbers of birds within the Project area meet recovery plan criteria?	
Do tidal marsh habitat for salt marsh harvest mice and numbers of mice within the Project area meet recovery plan criteria?	0
Have the number of native adult and juvenile fish increased in estuarine rearing and foraging habitats?	
To what extent will increased tidal habitats increase survival, growth and reproduction of harbor seals?	

- → Harbor seal numbers holding
- Caveats: Migrating salmonids trapped in managed ponds? Removing invasive Spartina affected rail numbers, but native Spartina restoration is underway





Mercury and Species

Scientific Questions	Score
Will pond management increase methylmercury levels in sentinel species and ponds during/immediately after construction?	
Will pond management or tidal marsh restoration increase methylmercury levels in sentinel species and habitats post-construction?	0

- Studies at A8 showed an increase in MeHg levels in terns and fish after construction, but levels decreased over time
- ☆ Caveat: Overall MeHg levels in eggs of nesting birds, esp. terns, is a concern



Migratory Waterbirds

Scientific Questions	Score
Are the numbers of diving ducks, ruddy ducks, and foraging and roosting habitat for migratory shorebirds maintained? Will reconfigured and managed ponds significantly increase the prey base for, and pond use by waterbirds?	

- The Migratory bird numbers doubled from 2002 to 2014
- Caveat: Conversion to tidal marsh will substantially reduce pond habitat for migratory birds in Phase 2



Nesting Birds

	1
Scientific Questions	Score
To what extent will the creation of large isolated pone maintain numbers and reproductive success of terns , and stilts?	
 Will California gulls adversely affect nesting birds in managed ponds? Is the number of California least terns maintained 	

- Nesting birds lost islands to tidal marsh & did not use islands created for them
- Social attraction successful for some species (CATE)
- Caveat: Gulls & corvids are serious predators; MeHg a concern



Hot off the Press: Nesting California Least Terns at Eden Landing!

Snowy Plovers

Scientific Questions	Score
Will managed ponds provide breeding habitat to support sustainable densities of snowy plovers?	

- **Breeding bird numbers seem to be increasing**
- Caveat: Conversion to tidal marsh will reduce plover breeding habitat in Phase 2; Predators remain a concern



Photo credit: Jenny Erbes



Photo credit: Karine Tokatlian

Public Access

Scientific Questions	Score
Will trails significantly affect birds or other target species, short-term or long-term?	0
Will new trails and other access provide the recreation and experiences the public wants in the short or long term?	0



- Wintering shorebirds tolerant of trail use; Waterfowl much less so stayed 200m from trail users
- Public happy with trails recommend more signs, restrooms and connections with trails
- ☆ Caveat: Studies of boating impacts on wildlife needed

In Process: Proposed Phase 2 Science

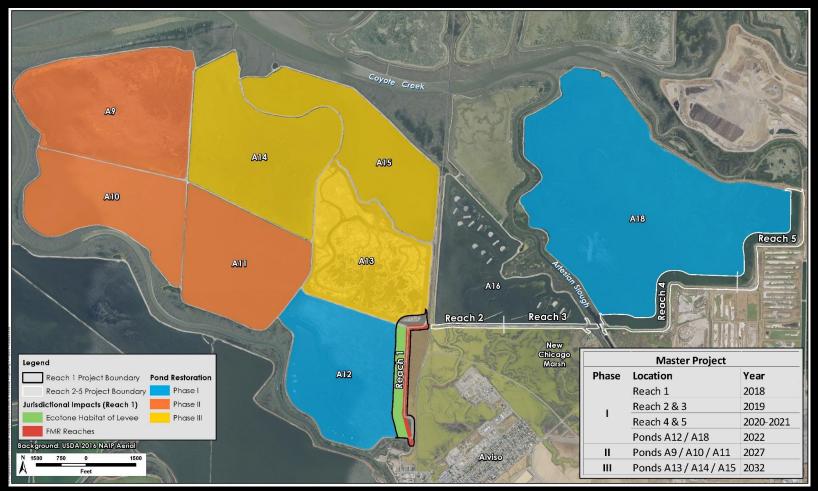
- Climate change and sea level rise foci
- Invasive species management (esp, gulls & corvids)
- ♣ Nesting bird research avocets, stilts, terns, plovers

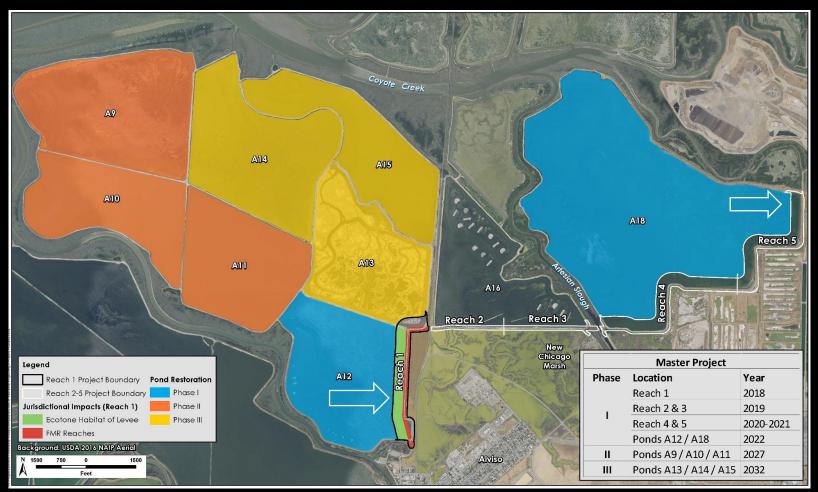


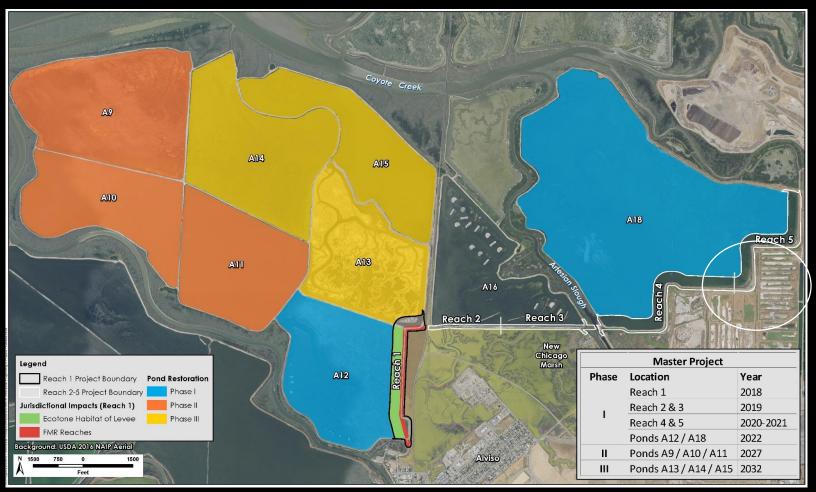
Shoreline Study Update

Brenda Buxton
Coastal Conservancy









Questions?

Summary, Action Items, Looking Forward

Next Steps

- Draft environmental document for Phase 2 Eden Landing: Fall 2017
- Phase 2 Alviso/Ravenswood Construction Kickoff Event: Early 2018
- New Project website: Spring 2018
- Measure AA RFP: Fall 2017
- Resilient By Design Participation?

Thank You For your Interest & Participation!



John Bourgeois

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Don Edwards San Francisco Bay National Wildlife Refuge jared_underwood@fws.gov or 510/792-0222

John Krause

California Department of Fish and Wildlife John.Krause@wildlife.ca.gov or 415/250-0243

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